#### **TITLE OF UNIT: Fitness Sports GRADE: 4-5** (Fitness- Fitnessgram/personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jump rope, rely races, Chinese jump rope) DATE PRESENTED: \_\_\_ DATE DUE: \_\_ LENGTH OF TIME: Several weeks, trimester **OVERVIEW OF UNIT:** Fitness unit is designed to emphasize good health **ESSENTIAL QUESTION** through being physically active and building How do these activities benefit my upon each student's physical fitness. personal wellness? STANDARDS: Physical Education 2.Students will apply 3.Students will 4.Students will apply 6.Students will 1.Students will 5.Students will movement concepts and understand the physical activity-related demonstrate responsible understand that internal demonstrate competency implications of and the benefits derived from in many movement forms and proficiency in a few principles to the learning skills and concepts to personal and social and external and development of maintain a physically behavior in physical environments influence movement forms. motor skills involvement in physical active lifestyle and a activity settings. physical activity. activity. health-enhancing level of physical fitness. **PHYSICAL EDUCATION STANDARDS:** Competency in many movements Improve skills and health (aerobic capacity, muscular • mature forms in basic gross locomotor and many strength, flexibility) 4.5.1 combination patterns 1.1.1 -1.1.2 Improving physical skills 4.6.1 • Warm-up and cool down 1.1.3 Physically active life style 4.7.1-4.7.2 • Basic skills specific to games/sports 1.2.1 Life-long fitness 4.8.1 -4.8.2 Fitness- Fitnessgram/personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, Technologies 4.9.1-4.92 jump rope, rely races, Chinese jump rope) Manipulative skills 1.3.1 Physically active life style Personal and social • Combination movement skills 1.4.1 **behavior** • Game strategies 1.5.1 Self-control in game and movement activities 5.1.1 Laws, rules, procedures, and etiquette 5.2.1 • Transfer movement skills 1.6.2 Safety principles in activity situations and settings 5.3.1 • Skill competence 1.7.1-1.7.2 Works cooperatively and productively 5.4.1-5.4.2 Movement concepts and principles Respectful behavior 5.4.3 • Biomechanical principles 2.1.1-2.1.2 Recognizes good performance 5.4.4 • Critical elements and learning cues 2.2.1-2.2.2 Safety 5.4.5 • Offensive and defensive concepts 2.3.1 Verbal and non-verbal communication 5.4.6 • Movement, concepts and principles 2.4.1 – 2.4.2 Behavior that is independent and on task 5.5.1 Conflict resolution and respect 5.6.1-5.6.5 Benefits from physical activity Common goals 5.7.1 Physical benefits 3.1.1 Responsibility for one's own performance 5.7.2 Emotional benefits 3.2 1 Social benefits 3.3.1-3.3.3 **Internal and external environments** Cognitive benefits 3.4.1-3.4.2 Safe locations for recreation and play 6.1.1-6.1.2, 6.2.1 Physical activity with peers 6.4.1 Physically active life style Organizations in community 6.5.1 Fitnessgram™ test 4.1.1-4.2.6 emotions that can impact physical activity levels 6.7.1 Physical fitness testing results 4.3.1 factors to overcome negative emotions and barriers 6.8.1 Physical activity plan 4.4.1 **ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:** Understanding there is a connection between physical activity and achieving team goals when competing or participating in games or other sport activities. Knowing and understanding that movement skills improve physical health and mental well-being. Knowing and applying offensive and defensive strategies/spatial awareness. Knowing and applying the concept of teamwork.

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:

Concept of teamwork

Movement improves physical health

### STUDENT OBJECTIVES, SKILLS and/or NEW KNOWLEDGE:

- 1. Competency in many movements
  - 1.1.1 Develops some mature forms in basic gross locomotor and many combination patterns essential to further skill development.
  - 1.1.2 Demonstrates developing movement skills and concepts:
    - Locomotor Skills: walk, run, hop, jump, leap, skip, climb, gallop, roll, slide, stop
    - Combination Patterns, e.g. tossing/striking, bumping/passing, running/striking
  - 1.1.3 Demonstrates proper form in all warm-up and cool-down activities, e.g. Fitnessgram ™warm-ups, dynamic stretching, planks, Pacer
  - 1.2.1 Begins to understand and apply basic skills specific to games and sports:
    - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
      - skills: stance, posture, alignment, jumping, balance, lifting, running, pushing, pulling, throwing, pivoting, body position(e.g. hanging on straight arms, problem solving)
  - 1.3.1 Identifies and demonstrates **mature form** in the following fundamental **manipulative skills**: catching, follow through, foot dribbling, hand dribbling, releasing, rolling, striking with long handle implements (hockey), throwing, trapping
  - 1.4.1 Demonstrates mature form in fundamental combinations of movement skills (e.g. run and jump, strike and run). lead-up activities and games:
    - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
      - sitting/reaching
      - o stretching/balancing
      - o pulling/holding
      - turning/jumping
      - o running/pivoting
      - jumping/twisting
  - 1.5.1 Begins to understand and apply strategies in various games and sports, e.g.
    - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
      - o proper form
      - o posture
      - personal goals
      - o strengths and weaknesses
  - 1.6.2 Transfers **movement skills** between activities at a basic level.
    - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
      - o stance, posture, alignment, balance, spotting, running, stretching, agility, strength, endurance
  - 1.7.1 Identifies practice activities to increase skill competence, e.g.
    - accuracy and speed practice
    - cueing
    - demonstrating
    - goal setting
    - looking at visuals
    - modeling
    - repeating
    - transfer
    - whole/part practice.
  - 1.7.2 Participates in practice activities to increase skill competence.

## 2. Movement concepts and principles

- 2.1.1 Recognizes the following biomechanical principles:
  - center of gravity
  - base of support force (effectiveness and safety; changes the way objects move (mass plus force)
  - speed
  - speed and angle of an object
  - · movement of body parts sequentially
  - squaring to the target
  - balance (static, dynamic)
  - follow through

- 2.1.2 Uses rudimentary application of **biomechanical principles** in some of the following categories:
  - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
- 2.2.1 Understands that critical elements include learning cues to reinforce correct form for fundamental skills.
- 2.2.2 Begins to identify and practice some of the **critical elements** of various movement forms to provide feedback for both self- and peer-assessment.
  - ready position (net, territory/field sports, striking, dance/rhythm, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
  - grip (net, territory/field sports, striking, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
  - preparation (net, territory/field sports, striking, dance/rhythm, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
  - point of contact (net, territory/field sports, striking, dance/rhythm, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
  - follow-through (net, territory/field sports, striking, dance/rhythm, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
  - body action, space, time, energy (net, territory/field sports, striking, dance/rhythm, fitness, cooperative, and recreational)
- 2.3.1 Uses rudimentary strategies for offensive and defensive concepts e.g.
  - Fitness: offensive strategies- complete routines with accuracy and rhythm
  - movement skills, e.g. jumping, combination stretching patterns, running, twisting
  - concepts (understanding), e.g. transfer of similar concepts from skill to skill
  - **principles** (why), e.g. good performance is linked to process; similarities and differences between activities at a consistent level.
- 2.4.2 Begins to transfer movement skills, concepts, and principles between activities at a rudimentary level to:
  - Fitness: personal fitness, yoga, aerobics, jumping rope, relay races, Chinese jump rope
    - o **movement skills:** stance, posture, alignment, balance
    - o concepts: form (e.g. jumping 1 -2" off the ground)
    - o **principles:** form (e.g. conserve physical energy)
- 3. Benefits from physical activity
  - 3.1.1 Recognizes some of the physical benefits of regular participation in physical activity e.g.
    - increase health benefits: controls weight, improves bone strength, improves muscular strength and endurance, increases energy, reduces body fat, reduces stress, strengthens heart function
    - disease prevention: cardiovascular health, chronic illness, diabetes, increases immune system function, obesity
  - 3.2.1 Recognizes some of the emotional benefits of regular participation in physical activity e.g.
    - increases: self-esteem, self-image and confidence, endorphins that trigger positive feelings (e.g. runners high), self-discipline, e.g. goal setting, time management, quality of life
    - reduces: negative peer pressure, stress, depression, anxiety
  - 3.3.1 Recognizes some of the **social benefits** of regular participation in physical activity e.g., cooperation, sportsmanship, teamwork, relationships (friends, family, school, community.
  - 3.3.2 Applies the benefits of social/emotional programs such as Kids Care and Open Circle that includes:
    - caring
    - citizenship
    - fairness
    - respect
    - responsibility
    - trust worthiness
  - 3.3.3 Recognizes that physical activity provides an opportunity for positive social interaction through
    - cooperation
    - discipline
    - helping others.
    - honesty
    - positive communication
    - respect
    - trust
  - 3.4.1 Recognizes some of the **cognitive benefits** of regular participation in physical activity e.g., improves focus and concentration
  - 3.4.2 Recognizes that physical activity can increase
    - test scores
    - focus and concentration
    - better attendance in schools.

#### Physically active life style

- Makes progress towards the health-related fitness standards of the Fitnessgram™ Test. 4.1.1
  - www.fitnessgram.net
- Engages in physical activity to improve scores for each of the fitness components on the Fitnessgram™ Test 4.1.2
- 4.1.3 Self-evaluates his/her fitness improvement.
- 4.2.1 Makes progress towards the health-related fitness standards of the Fitnessgram™ Test.
- 4.2.2 Engages in physical activity to improve scores for each of the fitness components on the Fitnessgram™ Test.
- 4.2.3 Self-evaluates his/her fitness improvement.
- Recognizes how physical fitness testing results (e.g., pre/post test, assessments, charts) relate to their ability to 4.3.1 perform various activities involving
  - curl-ups muscular strength and endurance
  - flexed arm hang muscular strength and endurance
  - pacer aerobic capacity/cardiovascular endurance
  - push-ups muscular strength and endurance sit and reach/trunk lift flexibility
- Recognizes changes in pre and post test results in Fitnessgram™ test and develops a basic physical activity plan based on these results.
  - specificity type of exercises that increase fitness in each of the five specific areas
    - aerobic capacity/cardiovascular endurance
    - muscular endurance/muscular strength 0
    - 0 flexibility
    - 0 agility
    - speed 0
  - progression gradual increase in FITT
    - 0 frequency
    - intensity 0
    - time 0
      - type (does not pertain to progression)
- Identifies several physical activities related to each 4.5.1

component of health-related physical fitness to improve skills and health by participating in the following activities

- aerobic capacity/cardiovascular endurance
  - 0 bike riding
  - dancing 0
  - jogging 0
  - jumping rope
  - 0 running
  - walking 0
- muscular strength and endurance
  - chin-ups
  - push-ups 0
    - sit-ups
- 0 flexibility
  - dynamic stretching (warm-up)
  - static stretching. (cool down)
- Begins to select and participate regularly in physical activities for the purpose of improving physical skills and health
  - aerobic capacity/cardiovascular endurance
    - bike riding 0
    - 0 dancing
    - jogging
    - jumping rope 0
    - running 0
    - walking
  - muscular strength and endurance
    - chin-ups
    - push-ups
    - sit-ups
  - flexibility

- o dynamic stretching
- static stretching
- 4.7.1 Identifies factors that inhibit or encourage a physically active lifestyle, e.g.
  - prevent:: time constraints, financial considerations, motivation, accessibility, environment, illness, low energy
  - promote: friends and family role models, time management, confidence, cultural interests, environment
- 4.7.2 Develop personal strategies to adopt and maintain a physically active lifestyle
  - explaining positive and negative attitudes toward exercise
  - finding enjoyable activities
  - rewarding success
  - · setting goals that are realistic
- 4.8.1 Identifies ways to be physically active in structured and non-structured settings that promote lifelong fitness, e.g.
  - structured settings
    - o organized youth sports
    - o formal instruction (e.g., football, little league baseball, dance, gymnastics, etc.)
    - o physical education classes
  - non-structured settings
    - recess
    - o free play
    - o outdoor chores (e.g. gardening/yard work, raking leaves).
- 4.8.2 Participates in moderate to vigorous physical activities to meet recommendations of 30-60 minutes per day at least 5 days per week (CDC, NASPE, moderate physical activity).
- 4.9.1 Identifies how various technologies can assist in the development of a fitness plan, e.g.
  - web-based programs
  - · heart rate monitors
  - pedometers
  - physical activity log.
- 4.9.2 Monitors physical activity and intensity levels using technology, e.g.
  - pedometers
  - heart rate monitors

#### 5. Physically active life style Personal and social behavior

- 5.1.1 Uses self-control in game and movement activities, e.g.
  - adhere to school handbook.
  - applying safe practices, e.g. proper attire to allow for uninhibited movement
  - proper, intended, and safe equipment use.
  - rules and procedures (classroom management plan)
- 5.2.1 Follows activity-specific laws, rules, procedures, and etiquette for:
  - Fitness- ADD
- 5.3.1 Utilizes safety principles in activity situations and settings.
  - body awareness
  - body control
  - respect for self and other
  - safe and appropriate clothing and footwear
  - safe and appropriate use of equipment
  - safe and appropriate warm-up and cool-down activities.
  - spatial awareness
- 5.4.1 Works cooperatively and productively with a partner and/or a group to accomplish a set goal.
- 5.4.2 Knows the benefits of **working cooperatively** in a group to achieve a set goal.
- 5.4.3 Demonstrates **respectful behavior** in competitive as well as cooperative settings.
- 5.4.4 Recognizes good performance from teammates and opponents, e.g.

- High five
- Ten finger roll
- Fist bump
- 5.4.5 Makes positive **choices** based on the **safety** of self and others.
- 5.4.6 Demonstrates cooperation with peers through verbal and non-verbal communication to achieve a set goal.
- 5.5.1 Demonstrates behavior that is independent and on task for developmentally appropriate periods of time (3-7 minutes of skills, drills, and stations).
- 5.6.1 Describes and uses appropriate ways to peacefully resolve conflicts.
- 5.7.1 Participates with others in games, sports, and activities to achieve a common goal.
- 5.7.2 Accepts responsibility for one's own performance without blaming others.

### 6. Internal and external environments

- 6.1.1 Identifies appropriate and safe areas within the community to participate in physical activity.
- 6.1.2 Identifies various safe locations that are intended for recreation and play.
- 6.2.1 Identifies physical activities that can be performed in a variety of settings, e.g. Interscholastic, Intramural, Recreational, elite (e.g. AAU, development team), college/university camps, private/independent
- 6.4.1 Identifies healthy ways to promote physical activity with peers through
  - challenging experiences
  - inclusion (inviting others to participate)
  - modeling (activities inside and outside of the school)
  - positive reinforcement.
- 6.5.1 Identifies youth organizations in the community that offer physical activity programs e.g., YMCA/YWCA, Recreation departments, and school enrichment activities (basketball instruction, yoga).
- 6.7.1 Identifies a variety of emotions that can impact physical activity levels.
  - Decreased activity level due to negative emotions such as: depression, sadness, anger, anxiety
  - Increased activity level due to positive emotions such as: contentment, excitement happiness
- 6.8.1 Defines factors to overcome negative emotions and barriers:
  - motivational techniques e.g. (music, friends, logs, goals, etc.)
  - positive self-talk
  - realistic goals
  - · recognizes self-accomplishments
  - self-concept
  - self-image
  - social interaction

### ACTIVITIES, PRODUCTS, PERFORMANCE, and ASSESSMENTS: see curriculum introduction

- Activity logs
- Anecdotal records
- Conferencing
- Interviews
  - Student to student
  - Teacher to student
- Fitnessgram™
- High-five

- Collaboration interpersonal
- Graphic organizers
- Journals
- Multiple Intelligences assessments, e.g.
  - Role playing bodily kinesthetic
  - o Graphic organizing visual
- Oral presentations

- Problem/Performance
- based/common tasks Round Robin
- Rubrics/checklists
- Tests and quizzes

0

HIGHER ORDER THINKING SKILLS: Web's Depth of Knowledge 2 – 4 or Bloom's Taxonomy
Web's Depth of Knowledge Bloom's Taxonomy

- skill/conceptual understanding
- strategic reasoning
- extended reasoning

- apply
- analyze
- synthesize/create
- evaluate

## ADDITIONAL RESOURCES: see curriculum for specifics

### Supplementary books/materials

- Fitnessgram™/Activitygram\_Test Administration Manual 4<sup>th</sup> Edition
- SPARK Physical Education
- American Heart Association

#### **Technology**

- CD player
- CDs, tapes
- Internet
- I-pad (TBD)
- LCD projector/ laptop
- Pedometers VCR/DVD
- Web sites
- www.aahperd.org
- www.cdc.gov
- · www.charactercounts.org www.donorschoose.org
- www.edhelper.com
- www.everdaype.org

- www.fitness.gov
- www.fitnessgram.net
- www.fitnessmercola.com
- www.healthychildren.org (American Academy of Pediatrics)
- www.heart.org
- www.kidshealth.org
- www.letsmoveinschool.org
- www.myplate.org
- www.nfl.com/play60
- www.pbis.org (Positive Behavioral Intervention and Support)
- www.pecentral.com
- www.peuniverse.com (Physical Education sharing ideas)
- www.riahperd.org
- www.ride.ri.gov
- www.shapeupri.org
- www.teachpe.com (physical education teaching
- resources)
- www.thrive.org
- www.wikipedia.com
- www.heartratemonitorzone.net

### Materials

- Clipboards
- DVDs
- · Easel paper
- Easels
- Markers
- · Poster boards
- Stopwatches
- · Sports equipment for:
  - Basketball
  - o Fitnessgram™
  - Flag football
  - Floor Hockey Soccer
- Student white boards
- · White board markers and erasers

### **VOCABULARY**

- aerobic capacity
- 2. agility
- biomechanics 3.
- 4. cardiovascular endurance
- 5. combinations patterns
- 6. competency
- 7. pacer
- 8. curl-ups
- 9. push-ups
- 10. flexibility
- 11. arm flex hang

- 12. sit & reach
- 13. trunk lift
- 14. rhythm
- 15. jump 16. swing
- 17. locomotor skills
- 18. manipulative skills
- 19. muscle endurance
- 20. muscle strength
- 21. offense
- 22. pivot
- 23. proficiency

- 24. responsibility
- 25. skills
- sportsmanship 26.
- 27. strategies
- 28. teamwork
- 29. verbal and non-verbal communication
- 30. up/down
- 31. slide
- 32. glide
- 33. balance

LESSON PLAN for UNIT # 5-1 Fitness-Fitness Gram

\*Referenced templates from Common Core Curriculum Maps, English Language Arts and The Understanding By Design Guide to Creating High Quality Units

### **LESSONS**

Lesson # 1 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words
 Pacer, curl-ups, push-ups

☐ Lesson #2 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words

o Flex arm hang, sit and reach

Lesson #3 Summary: Stations

Pacer, curl-ups, push-ups, Flex arm hang, sit and reach

## **OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 1-1 Fitness gram**

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Apply strategies in self-lead Fitness Gram
- Demonstrates good form in combinations of movement skills: running, hang, push, reach
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies.
- Materials/Resources:

CD, CD player, mats, curl-up ban

#### Procedures:

- Lead –in
   Warm ups, explanation/ demonstration
- Step by step Class practice: pacer, curl-ups, push-ups Record on data collection sheet
- Closure

Cool down

Q & A: Why are we practicing fitness?

Are there winners and does winning matter? Why or why not?

How can you improve your personal best?

 $\hfill \square$  Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
  - o Formative
    - Anecdotal records
    - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
    - High-five
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes

## OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 1-2 Fitness gram

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Apply strategies in self-lead Fitness Gram
- Demonstrates good form in combinations of movement skills: running, hang, push, reach
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies.
- Materials/Resources:
  - CD, CD player, mats, flex arm hang bars, sit and reach boxes
- □ Procedures:
  - Lead –in

Warm ups, review pacer, curl-ups and push-ups, explanation/ demonstration.

Step by step

Class practice: flex arm hang, sit and reach Record on data collection sheet

Closure

Cool down

Q & A: Why are we practicing fitness?

Are there winners and does winning matter? Why or why not? How can you improve your personal best?

What are other exercises you can do to improve your strength and flexibility?

☐ Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice
- □ Assessments: see curriculum introduction
  - o Formative
    - Anecdotal records
    - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
    - High-five
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes

## OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 1-3 Fitness gram- Stations

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Apply strategies in self-lead Fitness Gram
- Demonstrates good form in combinations of movement skills: running, hang, push, reach
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies.
- Materials/Resources:

CD, CD player, mats, curl-up bans, flex arm hang bars, sit and reach boxes

#### Procedures:

Lead –in

Warm ups

Review pacer, curl-ups, push-ups, sit and reach, flex arm hang

Step by step

Class practice: pacer, curl-ups, push-ups, sit and reach, flex arm hang (rotating stations)
Record on data collection sheet

Closure

Cool down

Q & A: Have you improved your personal fitness? How or how not?

Do you have the knowledge to practice personal fitness outside of school? Examples.

How does the body benefit from the following exercises: Strength? Endurance? Flexibility?

☐ Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice

Assessments: see curriculum introduction

- Formative
  - Anecdotal records
  - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
  - High-five
  - Round Robin
  - Rubrics/checklists
  - Tests and quizzes

### Summative

- Round Robin
- Rubrics/checklists
- Tests and quizzes

## LESSON PLAN for UNIT # 5-2 Jumping Rope

#### **LESSONS**

☐ Lesson # 1 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words (individual)

**Lesson #2** Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words (individual and partner)

Lesson #3 Summary: Drills

Long rope, circular jump ropes

Lesson #4 Summary: Stations

### **OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 2-1 Individuals**

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: jumping, swinging, teamwork
- Use offense and defense strategies in lead-in games of football.
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies
- Materials/Resources:

CD player, CDs, Jump ropes (short ropes), Jump Rope Skills Book

- Procedures:
  - Lead -in
     Warm-ups
     Demonstration of jump skills
  - Step by step Class practice
  - Closure

How does jump roping improve your heart health? What are the benefits of having a healthy heart?

☐ Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
  - Formative
    - Anecdotal records
    - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
    - High-five
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes

### **OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 2-2 Individual & Partner**

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.

- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: jumping, swinging, teamwork Use offense and defense strategies in lead-in games of football. Practice activities to increase skill competencies Materials/Resources: CD player, CDs, Jump ropes (short ropes), Jump Rope Skills Book Procedures: I ead -in Warm-ups Demonstration of jump skills: One short rope, two people Two ropes, two people Step by step Class practice Closure What skills do we use during partner jump roping? How does jump roping improve your heart health? What are the benefits of having a healthy heart? Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction Employs Physical Education best practices e.g., • Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles • Provides clear expectations for student learning • Allows students guided choices • Organizes pairs, groups, and teams • Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics • Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to • Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with • Provides for appropriate practice physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives Assessments: see curriculum introduction **Formative** Anecdotal records Interviews - student to student, teacher to student High-five **Round Robin** Rubrics/checklists Tests and guizzes **OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 2-3 Long Ropes & Circular Ropes** Use self-control in movement activities. Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal. Work independently and on task in physical education. Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity. Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: jumping, swinging, teamwork Use offense and defense strategies in lead-in games of football. Practice activities to increase skill competencies Materials/Resources: CD player, CDs, Jump ropes (long ropes and circular ropes), Jump Rope Skills Book Procedures: I ead -in
  - Warm-ups

Demonstration of jump skills: Long rope (3 or more people)

Circular jump rope (group)

- Step by step Class practice
- Closure

What made your long rope group successful or unsuccessful at jumping? How can you improve for next time?

### How important is teamwork when working in large groups?

	Instruct	ional	strateg	i <b>es</b> : se	e curricu	lum i	ntrod	uction
--	----------	-------	---------	------------------	-----------	-------	-------	--------

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice

#### Assessments: see curriculum introduction

- Formative
  - Anecdotal records
  - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
  - High-five
  - Round Robin
  - Rubrics/checklists

### **OBJECTIVES for Unit #5 LESSON 2-4 Stations**

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: jumping, swinging, teamwork
- Use offense and defense strategies in lead-in games of football.
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies

Materials/Resources	,co.
---------------------	------

CD player, CDs, Jump ropes (short ropes, long ropes), Jump Rope Skills Book, Station Cards, Task cards, Stop Watch, Cones

## Procedures:

- Lead -in
   Warm-ups
   Demonstration of each station.
   Explanation of each task.
- Step by step Group work
- Closure

What station did you enjoy the most? Why? What station did you enjoy the least? Why?

Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- · Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice

#### Assessments: see curriculum introduction

- **Formative** 
  - Anecdotal records
  - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
  - High-five
  - Round Robin

- Rubrics/checklists
- Tests and quizzes

#### Summative

- Round Robin
- Rubrics/checklists
- Tests and quizzes

## LESSON PLAN for UNIT # 5-3 Fitness- Chinese Jump Ropes

### **LESSONS**

☐ Lesson # 1 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words Stance, jump, twist, rhythm,

### **OBJECTIVES for LESSON #5-3**

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: Stance, jump, twist, rhythm
- . Practice activities to increase skill competencies

Materials/Resources:
Procedures:  • Lead –in
Step by step

Closure

Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction

## Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,

- Provides clear expectations for student learning
- Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
  - Formative
    - Anecdotal records
    - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
    - High-five
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes
  - Summative
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes

## LESSON PLAN for UNIT #5-4 Fitness- Rely Races

### **LESSONS**

☐ Lesson #1 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words
walk, run, hop, jump, leap, skip, climb, gallop, roll, slide, stop

## OBJECTIVES for LESSON #\_

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively with a partner and in small groups to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: walk, run, hop, jump, leap, skip, climb, gallop, roll, slide, stop
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies
   Materials/Resources:
   Lead -in
   Step by step
  - Closure
- ☐ Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction
- ☐ Assessments: see curriculum introduction
  - Formative
    - Anecdotal records
    - Interviews student to student, teacher to student
    - High-five
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes
  - Summative
    - Round Robin
    - Rubrics/checklists
    - Tests and quizzes

## LESSON PLAN for UNIT #5-5 Fitness- Yoga

### **LESSONS**

☐ Lesson # 1 Summary: Introductory concepts and vocabulary words
Strength, force, rhythm, balance

## OBJECTIVES for LESSON #\_

- Use self-control in movement activities.
- Work cooperatively to accomplish a goal.
- Work independently and on task in physical education.
- Identify the physical benefits of participation in regular physical activity.
- Demonstrates a good form in combinations of movement skills: up/down, step, slide, glide
- Practice activities to increase skill competencies